CH-339 Rowe House La Plata Private

A large, L-shaped, two-story frame building, the Rowe house is one of La Plata's most distinctive examples of late Victorian architecture. Originally built outside of the town but now incorporated within it, the strong vertical lines of the house suggest a Victorian Gothic influence. The three-bay front has a two-story projecting tower with pedimented roof. One-story bay windows are located at both ends of the main block. A formerly open one-story front porch was later enclosed.

Survey No.: CH-339 (PACS C160)

DOE ___yes ___no

Maryland Historical Trust Maryland Inventory of Historic Properties Form U.S. 301 South Corridor Transportation Study

| 1. Name: | (indicate preferred | name) | |
|---|---------------------------|--|--|
| | son Wilmer Property | | |
| | | | |
| and/or common Ro | | | |
| 2. Locat | ion: | | |
| street & number | West side of Crain Highw | ay, south of Port Tobacc | o Road not for publication |
| city, town La Pl | ata vicinity o | f congressio | nal district |
| state Maryland | | county Charles | |
| 3. Class | sification: | | |
| district x building(s) structure site object A. Owner name Mettie M. F street & number city,town La Pla | P.O. Box 518 | Statusoccupied _x_unoccupiedwork in progress Accessibleyes: restrictedyes: unrestricted _x_no (give names and maili | Present Use agriculturemuseumcommercialparkeducationprivateentertainment residencegovernmentreligiousindustrialscientificmilitaryxother:transportation vacant Ing addresses of all owners) telephone no.: state and zip code MD 20646 |
| - | ion of Legal | Description | |
| Land Records Off | fice of Charles County | | liber 1294 |
| street & number | 101 Catalpa Street | | folio 95 |
| city,town La Pla | ata | | state MD |
| 6. Repre | esentation in | Existing Histo | orical Surveys |
| title Inventory | of Historic Sites in Cal | lvert, Charles, St. Mary' | s Counties |
| date 1980 | | federal | <u>x</u> state <u>county</u> local |
| pository/surv | ey records Maryland Histo | orical Trust | |
| city,town Crowns | sville | | state Maryland |

7. Description

| Condition _excellent _good | _x_deteriorated ruins | Check one unaltered _x_altered | Check one _x_original sitemoved | date of move |
|----------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|
| fair | unexposed | | | |

Survey No.: CH-339 (PACS C160)

Resource Count: 9

Prepare both a summary paragraph and a general description of the resource and its various elements as it exists today.

The L. Allison Wilmer Property was previously inventoried by the Maryland Historical Trust in 1980; however, an extensive survey form was not completed. The L. Allison Wilmer Property is a $2\frac{1}{2}$ -story, 3-bay Folk Victorian side-gable house on the south side of Port Tobacco Road in La Plata, Charles County. Constructed circa 1895, the house has a prominent projecting center bay with a steeply pitched gable and enclosed hipped-roof porch on the front elevation, a 2-story, 1-bay rear ell, and enclosed porches on the south, east and west elevations of the ell. The house is abandoned and in deteriorating condition.

The structure has a metal, steeply pitched side-gable roof with two dormers on the front elevation. The dormers have the same pitch as the side-gable. There are two interior brick chimneys near the center of the house. The ell has a similar roof with a brick chimney and two dormers on both the east and west elevations. The house is of wood-frame construction with German siding, and it has a brick foundation. Windows in the house and ell are 2/2 double-hung wood unless noted otherwise. Some of the windows have broken panes of glass.

e north, or front elevation has a prominent, gabled projecting bay in the center and a full-width, enclosed hipped-roof porch. The roof eaves of the side-gable and porch have brackets, and the porch has a centered gable. The fenestration pattern is symmetrical. The first story, which is concealed by the enclosed porch, has one window flanking the projecting center bay. The center of the enclosed porch has two doors with sidelights and a transom, and there are three windows on either side of the doors. The second story of the house has a window in each bay. The roof dormers have 2/2 double-hung wood windows with circular tops.

The east and west elevations of the house are identical. The first story has a projecting hipped-roof bay with three windows, one window on the second story, and a window in the gable end. The gable end windows are identical to the roof dormer windows.

The south elevation of the house is nearly concealed by the ell and the enclosed porches of the ell. There is one second story window in the first bay.

The 2-story ell is not visible on the first story because of the enclosed porches. The second story has four windows on the east elevation, two windows on both the south and west elevations, and one window in the gable end. The dormer and gable end windows are identical to the front dormer windows. The east and west enclosed porches, which are of wood-frame construction with a concrete block foundation, have four windows and one door. Several of the windows and both doors are blocked with plywood. The south enclosed porch has two windows on each elevation and a door on the south elevation.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

SOURCE NAME: L. Allison Wilmer Property

JRVEY NO .: CH-339 (PACS C160)

ADDRESS: West side of Crain Highway, south of Port Tobacco Road, La Plata, Charles County

7. Description (Continued)

There are eight buildings associated with this property. The first building is barn with a standing seam metal, gable roof. Constructed circa 1895, the barn is of wood-frame construction and is located southeast of the house.

The second building is a barn with a standing seam metal, gable roof. Constructed circa 1895, the barn is of wood-frame construction and is located southeast of the house and west of the first barn.

The third building is a barn with a standing seam metal, gable roof. Constructed circa 1895, the barn is located southeast of the house and north of the first and second barns.

The fourth building is a corn crib with a standing seam metal, gable roof. Constructed circa 1895, the corn crib is of wood-frame construction and is located southeast of the house and west of the three barns.

The fifth building is a prefabricated metal shed erected circa 1970. The shed is located south of the house and west of the barns and corn crib.

e sixth building is a privy with a standing seam metal, gable roof. Constructed circa 1895, the privy is of wood-frame construction and is located south of the house and west of the barns, corn crib, and prefabricated shed.

The seventh building is shed with a standing seam metal, gable roof. Constructed circa 1895, the shed is of wood-frame construction and is located south of the house, north of the privy, and west of the barns, corn crib and prefabricated shed.

The eighth building is a shed with a standing seam metal, gable roof. Constructed circa 1895, the shed is of wood-frame construction and is located southwest of the house, and west of the other seven buildings.

The property is located at the end of a driveway from Port Tobacco Road, south of the La Plata United Methodist Church parking lot. Approximately 90 meters (300 feet) east of the house is a motel which fronts Crain Highway. The site slopes gradually down to the south and is wooded on the west and south. The property has been abandoned and is becoming overgrown with vegetation, obscuring the house and associated buildings from the surrounding streets. The property's setting is near a heavily travelled crossroads with late twentieth century commercial development north and east of the site.

8. Significance

| 1400 - 1499 1500 - 1599 1600 - 1699 1700 - 1799 1800 - 1899 | archaeology-prehistoricCommunity planningarcheology-historicconservationagricultureeconomicsx_architectureeducation | landscape architecturereligionlaw |
|---|---|-----------------------------------|
| Specific da | ates circa 1895 | Builder/Architect |
| check: | Applicable Criteria:AB _x_C and/or Applicable Exceptions:ABC Level of Significance:national | DEFG |

Survey No.: CH-339 (PACS C160)

Prepare both a summary paragraph of significance and a general statement of history and support.

The L. Allison Wilmer Property was originally situated on approximately 7.68 hectares (19 acres) of "La Grange" purchased by General L. Allison Wilmer through three transactions during 1882-1893. The house, which became known as Argyle, was constructed circa 1895. After the death of s wife, General Wilmer conveyed the property to his daughter, Mary Allison Rockwell, in 1913. ry Allison Rockwell sold the property to Bernard Howard in 1918. The parcel associated with the premises was reduced to 6.45 hectares (15.95 acres) in its subsequent sale by the widow of Mr. Howard, Nelley DeLashmut Howard, to Charles Fenwick in 1944. Mettie M. Rowe and Albert L. Rowe acquired the house and approximately 3.64 hectares (9 acres) of land from the Fenwicks through five transactions from 1946 to 1952. Mettie M. Rowe and her daughter, Louise M. Mileo, currently own the house and the lot, now 3.17 hectares (7.85 acres).

The L. Allison Wilmer Property is an example of a Folk Victorian building. The Victorian wood detailing found on both resource types was made possible by new manufacturing advancements and increased shipping ability during the second half of the nineteenth century. These developments had a strong impact on the types of folk houses built in rural areas during this period. Typically built during the years 1870 to 1910, Folk Victorian style dwellings were simple folk housing forms ornamented with Victorian decorative details. As the Folk Victorian style attained popularity in the late nineteenth century, Folk Victorian detailing was sometimes added to earlier National Folk houses and I-houses.

There were many different types of Folk-Victorian houses including front-gable, gable front and wing, side-gable, and pyramidal hipped roof. In some ways, these houses are difficult to categorize because they frequently combine elements of various Victorian styles. Queen Anne detailing, such as spindle porch supports are often combined with bracketed eaves derived from the Italianate style, and lancet windows derived from the Gothic style. Common to most Folk Victorian houses, however, are wide front porches with carved decorations such as sunbursts and scrollwork. Like the earlier National Folk forms, the widespread adoption of Folk Victorian dwellings and details resulted from the broad availability of machined wooden components which were mass-produced and made available to rural areas by the growth of railroads in the nineteenth ntury (McAlester 1984:309-10).

Three of the buildings associated with the L. Allison Wilmer Property are barns. Most inhabitants of the project area were engaged in farming at the time of first settlement. The barn was the principal building erected on a farm which provided space for cows, horses, equipment, and hay, straw or tobacco storage. Throughout the nineteenth century, barns increased

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

'ESOURCE NAME: L. Allison Wilmer Property

SURVEY NO.: CH-339 (PACS C160)

ADDRESS: West side of Crain Highway, south of Port Tobacco Road, La Plata, Charles County

8. Significance (Continued)

in size or were newly built to include space for smaller animals, such as poultry and pigs, and as a place for the threshing and storage of grain. Their size also increased during the nineteenth century as the introduction of improved equipment led to more efficient and profitable operations, and, consequently, to increased need for storage facilities (Grow 1985, 60 and 76). Typically, livestock was housed on the lower level, while the upper level was reserved for the storage of hay and straw, and the threshing and storage of feed grains.

Foundation walls were frequently of fieldstone masonry construction which was also used most frequently for gable end walls before the mid nineteenth century, when increasing supplies and reduced cost of pre-cut lumber led to the adoption of wood. Vertical sheathing was often used for front and rear facades from an early date. Roofs were covered with shingle, slate, or metal. On late eighteenth and early nineteenth century barns, a series of tall vertical vents, or embrasures, punctuated the walls, providing ventilation and illumination of the barn's interior. The wood walls of later barns featured louvers and windows for the same purpose.

The L. Allison Wilmer Property is located in Charles County, in southern Maryland. The Native American inhabitants of southern Maryland from the Piscataway and Potobac nations were joined by ropean settlers beginning in 1634 with the establishment of St. Mary's City by Leonard Calvert. accessive waves of colonists took up tracts of land further inland from the Chesapeake Bay along the Patuxent and Potomac rivers and their tributaries. Charles County was formed in 1658 and Prince George's County was established in 1696. Settlement was confined to inland areas until road clearing began in the mid-eighteenth century as a result of the establishment of port towns and Maryland's rising population. Tobacco cultivation dominated the economic and social life of both Charles and Prince George's counties until the mid-nineteenth century when soil exhaustion necessitated agricultural diversification. The introduction of rail lines in 1873 linked Prince George's and Charles counties with the surrounding area, encouraging trade and settlement. While the suburbanization of Prince George's and Charles counties was ensured by the widespread availability of the automobile in the mid-twentieth century, these southern Maryland counties have also retained their rural and agricultural character.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

SOURCE NAME: L. Allison Wilmer Property

JURVEY NO.: CH-339 (PACS C160)

ADDRESS: West side of Crain Highway, south of Port Tobacco Road, La Plata, Charles County

8. Significance (Continued)

NATIONAL REGISTER EVALUATION:

The L. Allison Wilmer Property, constructed circa 1895, was previously inventoried by the Maryland Historical Trust in 1980. The property is eligible for the National Register under Criterion C, as a distinctive example of Folk Victorian architecture. Although the house is vacant and deteriorating, much of the historic materials and detailing such as German siding, wood shutters and roof brackets remain. The enclosed porches on the south, east, and west elevations of the ell do not significantly affect the form and massing of the house. The setting of the house has not been significantly affected by development, and the property is screened by trees on all sides. The property is not eligible under Criterion A, as research conducted indicates no association with any historic events or trends significant in the development of national, state or local history. Historic research indicates that the property has no association with persons who have made specific contributions to history, and therefore, it does not meet Criterion B. Finally, the structure has no known potential to yield important information, and therefore, is not eligible under Criterion D.

| Eligibility Recommended X Comments: Criterion C | ISTORICAL TRUST Eligibility Not Recommended |
|--|---|
| | |
| Reviewer, OPS: Suzanne Pickens Reviewer, NR Program: Fycusty | Date: 07/21/1997 Date: 440 |

Page 8.2 P.A.C. Spero & Company September 1996

9. Major Bibliographical References Survey No.: CH-339 (PACS C160)

See Continuation Sheet

10. Geographical Data

Acreage of nominated property 3.18 hectares (7.85 acres)

Quadrangle name La Plata, MD Quadrangle scale 1:24,000

Verbal boundary description and justification

See Continuation Sheet

| List all state | ates and counties code | for properties county | overlapping state code | or county boundaries |
|----------------|---------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------|----------------------|
| state | code | county | code | |

11. Form Prepared By

| me/title Caroline Hall/Ryan McKay | |
|--|--------------------------|
| organization P.A.C. Spero & Company | date September 1996 |
| street & number 40 W. Chesapeake Avenue, Suite 412 | telephone (410) 296-1635 |
| city or town Baltimore | state Maryland |

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 supplement.

The survey and inventory are being prepared for information and record purposed only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

return to:

Maryland Historical Trust

DHCP/DHCD

100 Community Place

Crownsville, MD 21032-2023

(410) 514-7600

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

SOURCE NAME: L. Allison Wilmer Property

JURVEY NO .: CH-339 (PACS C160)

ADDRESS: West side of Crain Highway, south of Port Tobacco Road, La Plata, Charles County

9. Major Bibliographical References (Continued)

- Brown, Jack D., et al. <u>Charles County, Maryland, A History</u>. Charles County Bicentennial Committee, 1976.
- Charles County Retired Teachers Association. <u>A Legacy: One- and Two-Room Schools in Charles County</u>. La Plata: Dick Wildes Publishing Company, 1984.
- Grow, Lawrence. Country Architecture. Pittstown, NJ: The Main Street Press, 1985.
- Klapthor, Margaret Brown, and Paul Dennis Brown. <u>The History of Charles County, Maryland</u>. La Plata: Charles County Tercentenary, Inc., 1958.
- Martenet, Simon J. Martenet's Map of Maryland, Atlas Edition. Baltimore, 1866.
- Maryland Geological Survey. [1840] Map of Eastern Maryland with 1860 Additions. Copy on file at Maryland Historical Trust, Crownsville, MD.
- McAlester, Virginia and Lee. A Fieldguide to American Houses. New York: Alfred A. Knopf, 1983.
- _voire, J. Richard. <u>Homeplaces, Traditional Domestic Architecture of Charles County, Maryland</u>. La Plata: Southern Maryland Studies Center, 1990.
- Wearmouth, John M. <u>Charles County Railroad</u>. An unpublished paper on deposit at the Prince George's County Historical Society. August 1984.
- Ibid. <u>La Plata, Maryland, 1888-1988, 100 Years, The Heart of Charles County</u>. La Plata: Town of La Plata, 1988.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

ESOURCE NAME: L. Allison Wilmer Property

JRVEY NO .: CH-339 (PACS C160)

ADDRESS: West side of Crain Highway, south of Port Tobacco Road, La Plata, Charles County

10. Geographical Data (Continued)

Verbal boundary description and justification:

The National Register boundaries of the L. Allison Wilmer Property follow the current property lines of the property southwest of the junction of Crain Highway and Port Tobacco Road (Charles County Tax Map 112, Parcel 30). This 3.18 hectare (7.85 acre) parcel is bounded on the north by Port Tobacco Road and adjacent tax parcels, and on the south, west and east by adjacent tax parcels. The boundary includes the house, contributing barns, corn crib, privy, and sheds, and the non-contributing prefabricated shed. According to deed research, the property was originally part of a 7.68 hectare (19 acre) parcel purchased by General L. Allison Wilmer through three transactions during 1882-1893.

ADDENDUM

L. Allison Wilmer Property, CH-339 LaPlata, Charles County, Maryland

The L. Allison Wilmer house is a two-and-a-half story, three-bay, center hall frame dwelling that stands on the highest point of a small knoll southwest of the intersection of Crain Highway (U.S. 301) and Port Tobacco Road (MD Route 6) in the town of LaPlata, Charles County, Maryland. The house faces north with the principal gable roof oriented on an east/west axis.

Built around 1895, the two-and-a-half story, center hall/single-pile frame house is supported on a raised common bond brick foundation, and the exterior is uniformly sheathed with German or novelty siding. The steeply pitched gable roof is covered with pressed metal shingles. Attached to the back of the main block is a two-and-a-half story, four-bay by two-bay service wing, which is extended on each side by shed roofed additions. The rear wing is contemporaneous with the main block. Joining the house on the property is a collection of late nineteenth-century and early twentieth-century outbuildings. A dairy and pump house stand approximately twenty feet behind the service wing. On the west side of the dairy and pump house is a single story implement storage building. To the south and east is the main group of farm buildings. The complex includes a large tobacco barn, a wagon or carriage house, a corn crib, a work shop and a drying house or storage building. All of the buildings are deteriorating. Salvagers have removed much of the interior woodwork from the house.

The north (main) elevation of the house is a symmetrical three-bay facade with a center entrance and flanking two-over-four sash windows. The former sidelighted entrance has been removed and the sash windows have been taken out and discarded or left in pieces on the site. Louvered shutters previously flanked each window opening but only the shutter hardware remains. The entrance bay projects slightly from the front wall, and continues to do so on the second and third floors as a projecting pavilion topped by a large gabled dormer. The first floor is sheltered by a single-story hip roofed porch covered with a standing seam metal roof. A low pitched cross gable distinguishes the front of the porch roof, however the side walls have been enclosed with later partitions. A double door opening to the porch, filled with partially glazed doors, is flanked by a series of single pane sash window openings above a weatherboard knee wall. Defining the second floor are three two-over-two sash windows. Each opening has a slight segmental arch as well as corresponding segmental arched shutters. The roof is defined by a bracketed eave that stretches around the perimeter of the main block. The bracket consists of a simple, open triangular frame. The outside leg of the bracket has a gentle inward curve. Centered on the roof is the large gable roof dormer that tops the projecting bay, and to each side are smaller gable roofed dormers. Each dormer is pierced by a round arched two-over-two sash window, and the extended eaves are fitted with a smaller version of the triangular roof bracket. Piercing the ridge of the roof is a pair of interior brick stove chimneys finished with corbelled caps. Fixed to the ridge is the remnant of twisted metal lightening rod system.

(Continued)

ADDENDUM (Continued)
L. Allison Wilmer Property, CH-339
LaPlata, Charles County, Maryland

The east and west gable ends are essentially alike. A five-sided bay window bay extends each first floor parlor, and the three outward walls of the bay are pierced by single-pane sash windows. The upper pane of each window has a rounded top. The corner boards of the bay rise to a boxed cornice, and the top of each corner board is fitted with a bracket decoration. The roof of each bay window is covered with a standing seam metal roof. Lighting the second floor on each gable end is a single two-over-two sash window featuring a segmental arched header and shutter hardware. Fixed in each gable end is a round arched two-over-two sash window. Triangular brackets trim the extended eave.

The rear wall of the main block is largely covered by the two-and-a-half story, two-room plan service wing, which is extended on each side by shed roofed additions. The wing is served by an off-center brick chimney stack finished with a corbelled and dentiled cap. The east side of the service wing is covered on the first floor by a single-story shed roofed addition dating around 1900-10. A partially glazed door is flanked by a series of three window openings on the right (north) and a single two-over-two sash window to the left (south). The second floor of the service wing is defined by an uneven fenestration of four two-over-two sash windows, and each window opening has a segmental arched header. Triangular brackets trim the extended eave. Fixed atop the steeply pitched roof is a pair of gable roofed dormers; each one is filled with a round arched two-over-two sash window. The west side of the service wing is covered by a shed roofed porch enclosed during the mid twentieth century. A centrally located door is flanked by pairs of modern windows. The second floor is lighted by two four-over-four sash windows, and each opening has a segmental arched header. Two gable roofed dormers are fixed atop the roof.

The south gable end of the service wing is covered by an enclosed single story porch. A turned porch post is partially boxed in with a later knee wall and series of mid twentieth century windows. The second floor is lighted by a pair of two-over-two sash window openings, and each opening features a segmental arched header. A round arched window opening, which has lost its sash windows, pierces the gable end.

Following a center hall/single-pile plan, the front block has been gutted to a large degree. The sidelighted front entrance has been removed along with much of the door trim, doors, stair railing, and mantels. The staircase remains in place and rises against the west wall of the center hall. A scrolled trim embellishes the stringer, which continues in the open stairwell to a finished third floor. The doorway into the west parlor retains its late nineteenth-century mitered surround, which features a decorative band of reeding. Centered on the ceiling is a round plastered medallion.

The west parlor has been stripped of its window and door trim, mantel as well as part of its three-inch, tongue-and-groove flooring. Photographs taken prior to salvage indicate that the reeded surround molding that still exists in the hall framed the parlor windows and doors. Fixed to the south side of the chimney stack is a decorative metal heating grate.

(Continued)

ADDENDUM (Continued)
L. Allison Wilmer Property, CH-339
LaPlata, Charles County, Maryland

The east parlor has been stripped of its woodwork also. A molded plaster medallion remains in the center of the ceiling. Fixed in the floor in front of the firebox is a slate hearth slab.

On the second floor much of the woodwork has been removed as well. According to photographs previously taken the doors and windows were framed by late nineteenth-century bulls-eye block surrounds. In each bedroom there are built-in closets dating to the turn of the twentieth century. The closet in the west bedroom was crafted with vertical beaded board sheathing, and the doors were framed by bulls-eye block surrounds.

The attic of the main block is finished with plastered walls and bulls-eye block surrounds that frame the windows and doors. In contrast to the plaster walls, the window apron is finished with a narrow beaded boards framed by inch-thick board surrounds. In a few cases the window trim retains its original oak grained finish. A low doorway in the northeast attic room provides access to a third attic room incorporated in the rear wing. An oak grained finish survives on the bull-eye block surrounds that frame the two dormer windows. There is no access from this room into the rear attic space.

The architectural trim in the service wing has been partly removed and partly left intact. Bulls-eye block surrounds frame window and door openings, especially those in the east shed section and the rear kitchen. The dining room has been stripped of its woodwork. Rising on the west wall of the kitchen is an enclosed service stair. A narrow tongue-and-groove beaded board wall encloses the staircase.

The second floor is divided into three principal rooms accessed by way of a narrow hall that runs along the west wall. Bulls-eye block surrounds frame the door openings, which include a single-pane movable transom. Small closets are located in two of the second floor bedrooms. The mantel in the south bedroom has been removed. The service stair continues upward in the southwest corner to a probable servant room on the third floor. There is no access between the rear attic room and the attic rooms in the main block.

Located due south within twenty feet of the service wing are two domestic outbuildings; a gable-roofed frame dairy and a gable roof frame pump house. The dairy, supported on a concrete foundation with an excavated milk well, is a gable-front frame structure sheathed with novelty siding and covered with a steeply pitched roof of pressed metal shingles. True to dairy construction in general, the eaves of the roof extend lower than usual so that the building is shaded. The rear wall is pierced by a small four-pane window. Inside the walls and ceiling are plastered and fitted with storage shelves. Standing immediately behind the dairy is a gable-front frame pump house supported on a poured concrete foundation with an excavated well that extends three or four feet below grade. The pump house is sheathed with novelty siding and covered by a low pitched roof of pressed metal shingles.

(Continued)

ADDENDUM (Continued)
L. Allison Wilmer Property, CH-339
LaPlata, Charles County, Maryland

Standing southeast of the dairy and pump house is a grouping of five outbuildings dating from the late nineteenth century and early twentieth century. The largest structure is a early twentieth-century tobacco barn that has been partially stripped of its vertical board exterior. Covered with a seamed metal roof, the structural frame is supported on a poured concrete foundation, and the framing is secured with wire nails. Pealed poles for drying tobacco remain in place throughout the barn.

Due north of the tobacco house is a gable roofed wagon or carriage house supported on a brick foundation and covered by a standing seam metal roof. The gable-front structure is divided inside by a vertical board partition. The west half of the structure has a dirt floor and was used for wagon and/or automobile storage. On the east side, the building has a plank floor and was used evidently as a tack room. A mid twentieth-century brick stove flue rises in the middle of the building.

West of the wagon house is a single story board-and-batten drying house distinguished by a gable roofed cupola with louvered sides. Supported on little on no foundation, the post and rail frame skeleton is sheathed with board-and-batten siding and is covered by a steeply pitched metal roof. Particularly distinctive to this outbuilding is a layer of corn shucks sandwiched between the roof nailers and the metal roof. A loose pile of corn shucks is also layered on top of the tie beams.

Located immediately west of the drying house is rectangular corn crib supported on concrete piers and covered with a steeply pitched metal roof. The gable-front corn crib is sheathed with a combination of narrow and wide vertical boards as well as plain weatherboards within the gable ends. The north (front) of the corn crib is pierced by a board door.

Off the northwest corner of the corn crib is a single story work shop sheathed with a metal exterior. Built in stages, the north half of the shop has a whitewashed interior framework whereas the south half was assembled much later and the interior framing is not painted. A board door hung on long strap hinges provides access through the east gable end.

On the west side of the house is a small shed roofed implement storage building facing east with an open front and side walls covered with vertical boards.

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

STATE HISTORIC SITES INVENTORY FORM

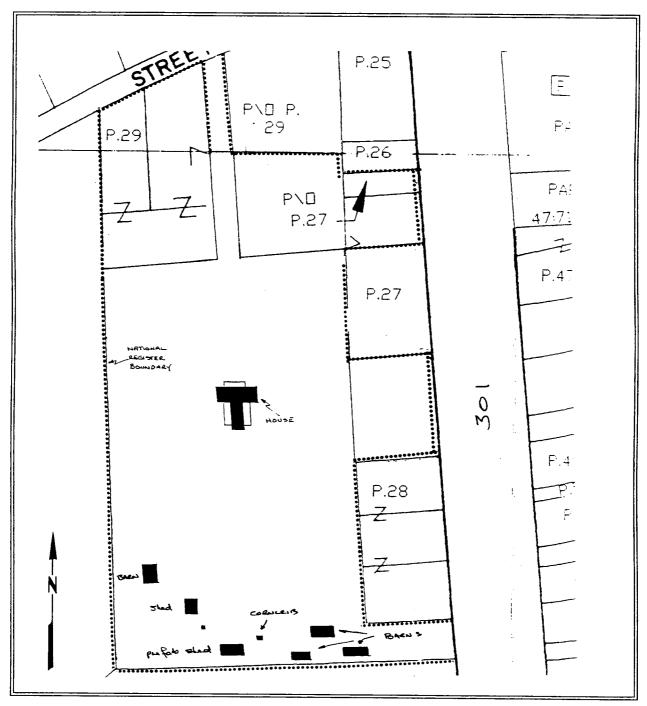
PESOURCE NAME: L. Allison Wilmer Property

JURVEY NO.: CH-339 (PACS C160)

ADDRESS: West side of Crain Highway, south of Port Tobacco Road, La Plata, Charles County

10. Geographical Data (Continued)

Resource Sketch Map and National Register Boundary Map:



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Maryland Comprehensive Historic Preservation Plan Data Sheet

L. Allison Willmer Property CH-339 (PACS C160) West side of Crain Highway, south of Port Tobacco Road, vicinity of La Plata, Charles County

Historic Context:

MARYLAND COMPREHENSIVE PRESERVATION PLAN DATA

Geographic Organization:

Western Shore

Chronological/Developmental Period Theme (s):

Industrial/Urban Dominance A.D. 1870-1930

Prehistoric/Historic Period Theme(s):

Architecture

RESOURCE TYPE:

Category (see Section 3 of survey form):

Buildings; Private Ownership; Public Acquisition - Not applicable; Unoccupied; Not accessible; Vacant

Historic Environment (urban, suburban, village, or rural):

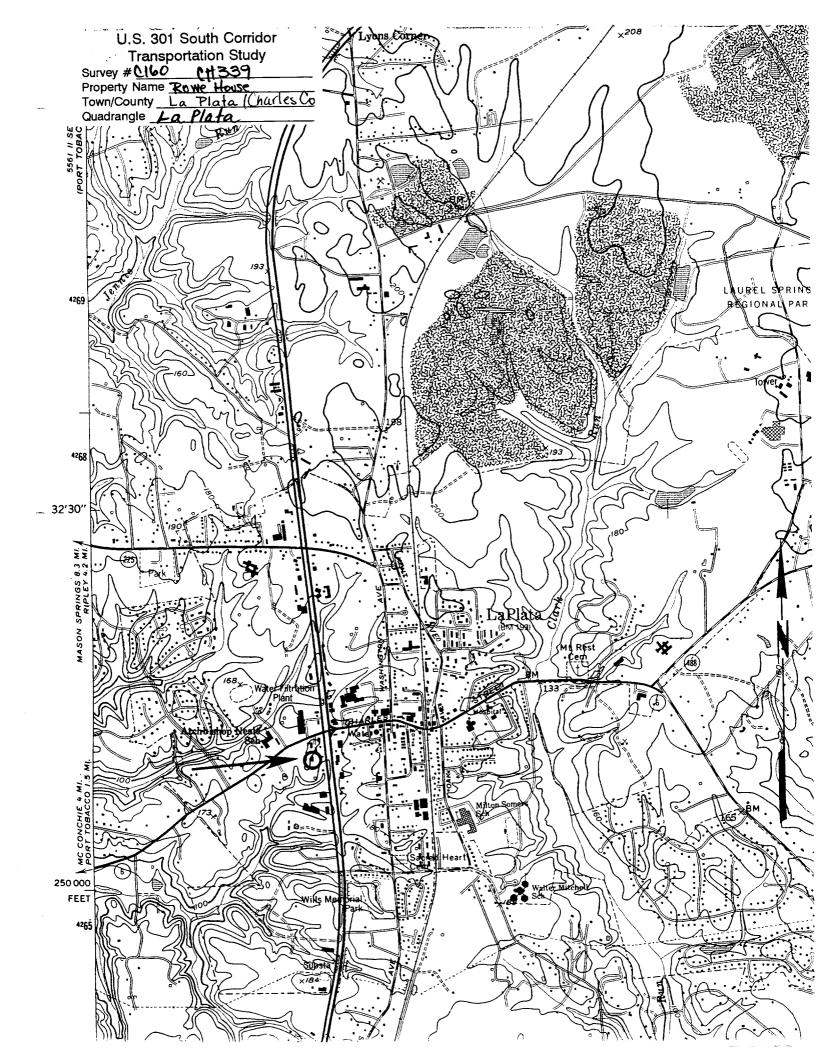
Rural

Historic Function(s) and Use(s):

Residence

Known Design Source (write none if unknown):

None





CH-239 L. ALLISON

LA PENNI CINCLES COURT, MID.

NOTE - ELEVISION

NOTE - MID HOLLISON

1 OF 31



CH-339 L. ALLSON WENEZ HANDE LA PLATA CHEROS GUATO, MD. NORTH ELEVESIV 3/99 PARE TOWARD PROTECTION HARREST NEGINO 1-15-15 KILL TOUST 2 0 + 31



CIH-32,9 L. ALLISON WILMER HOUSE LAPLALA, CONNIES CONTROL NORTHERS ENDATED 7/99, PAR TOWN PROPERTY 1/86, JAN MARKET PROPERTY 3 04 31



(11 - 3, 2, 9 L. ALLISON MILMON HOUSE LAPLANA PORREEZ PORTY MAS SOUTHWEST ELEVATION 3/49 PANE TOWART PHOTOLOGICAL Nec. 1 Mas Horonous Freeze 5 01 31



14-339 L. ALLISUN WILLIE THE LAPLATA CONSTELLATOR MADE SOUTHERS EVENTON 7/99 PAND TOREST PHITIEMARINE 6 01 31



CH - 33 9 L. ALLESON MILNEY HOUSE LAPLAGA CONTRACT CO JACK 7 0+ 31



11- 377 L. Luisan Wilmen House LAPIAIR CHARLES E. M.S. CENTER HALL 3/99 FAME TOWART PHYTOGRAM NEW/NO HISTIAME TRUST



1, -339 LA PERTO, COSER OF COURTY NEE. STARCAGE 3/99 PANE TOURS PRETOURANTER NEC. / MD. Horrican Their 9 57 31



C1+-229 L. ALLISON WILLIAM HOUSE LA PLATA CONNECES COURTY ME CE HALL MEDALEDIA 7/99 PANG TOWARD PIESTOCK APPER Nec. / M. 1. 1t, stoke the 10 06 31



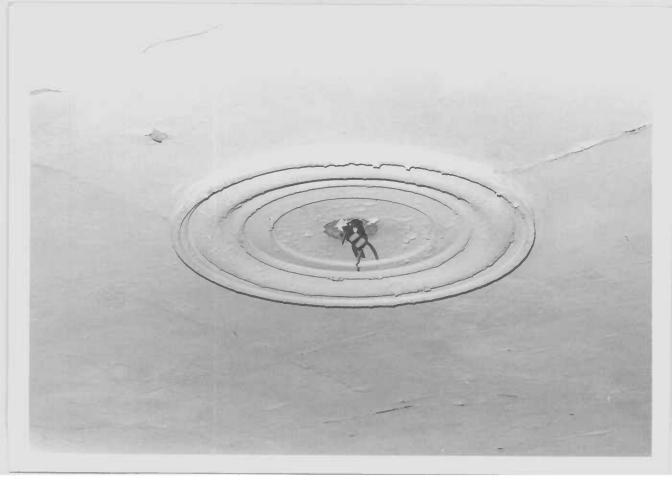
14 = 3 7,0 6. Acuson Wienese /- Tuse La Pinen, Cometes Co., Ho. FIRST FLOOR SURRIUMS - HALL DOOK 3/99, PALL TOWART, PHATEMARKETER Nec. / M. D. Itstur A. The 11 0 + 31



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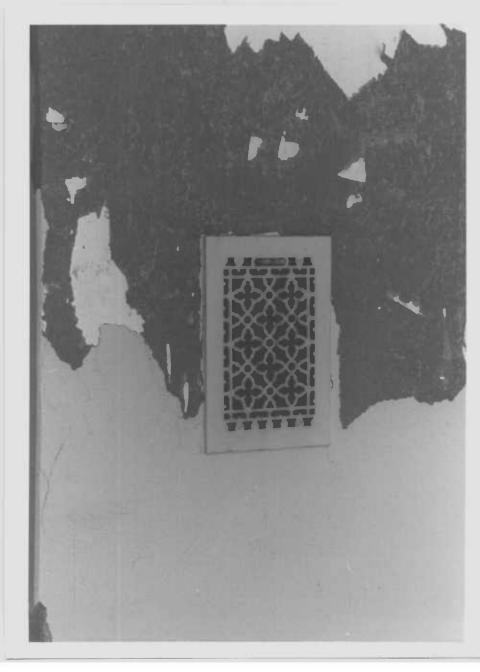
CH-3399 L ALLISON WILMER HOUSE LAPLATA, CHARLES BOURT, MS EAST MINLOF 3/99, PARC TOWNET PROTECTION NELL / MO. HISTORICA TRUST 13 or 31



C11 = 339 L. ALLISON NILME HOUSE LAPLATA CHATCHES COUNTY NO EAG- PANEUR CERRO MEMARENA 3/99 PANE TOWAR PHITTER APPER New / dro. 1th some True 14 0 × 31



LA PLANT COME CO CHENTY MAD 3199 Pour Towner PHOTICE MARKET 15 0 × 31



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L. ALLISON WILMER HOUSE

LAPLATA, CHARLES COUNTY, MD.

SEIOND FLOOR - WEST BEDROOM

3/99, PAME TOWART, PINTOGRAPHER

NEG. / MD. 14 STORICA TRUST

18 04 31 -







L PRISON WILLIAM HOUSE LAPLACE CHICLES CO MAN 3/99 PAIL TOWARD PROTECHANTER NEW / MD HOTTERS TENST 20 61 31



(1, = 33) LAZERON MICHER HOUSE LARGER CHARLES EN 190 APPLE DUCKERY Neg 1 pro 1500 mm TAST 21 0 31



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3/99, PARE TOURS, PROPERTY.

NEC. / M. D. Hoston X. Trus
22 1, 3/



CH-329 CALLISON WILLIAM HOUSE

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L. ALLISVA MILMER I HOUSE

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NORTH D. 14 STORM TRUST

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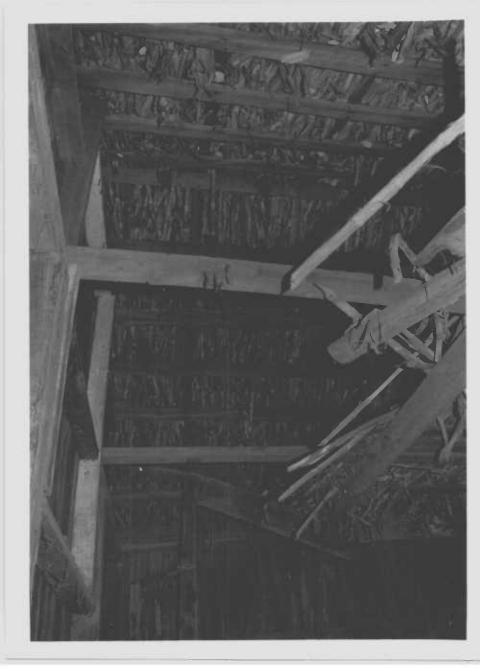
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LAPLATA, PRANCES SULLEYATION

3/99 From Towns The T



C. Accison Minnes Itrica LAPERTE CHARLES G. MIL DRYING HOUSE NORTH ELEVETON 3/99 PAGE TOURS PETERSENTER New JAD MISTY EVER TRUET 27 04 31



04=337 L. ALLISON WILMER HOUSE CAPEATH, CINNES Co, NO. CORN SIENCES WHOOR METAL ROOF 3/99 PAUL TOWAR PITOTOGRAPHEN Nec. Jans. Hisovana Trus 28 31



CH = 3399 L. ARUSSIN WILLIAM TO SEE WAGUN ITSUSF-WEST ELEVATION 3/99, PAUL TOURING PROTOCKEN NO / MO / HOSTOR TOUR 29 01 31



14.339 L. ALLISON WILMER House LAPCATA CHARLES GOVERN TOPIACO BACH-NORTH FULL TON 3/99 PAIL TOUART PROTOGRAMME NEG. / MO. HISTORIAN TRUST 30 0x 31



L. ALLISON WILMER HIMSE LA PLACE CORNELS COUNTY MAD WAGON SHED-EAST EFVATION 3/99, Price Tanks, prostockenitist NEGINAS. HOSTANA TRUXE 31 0- 31